Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore

M. Math. Second Year

Second Semester - Simple Groups and Geometry

Duration: 3 hours

Mid-Semester Exam

Note: Answer all questions. Your answers should be *complete and precise*. Show your rough work separately.

Instructor: NSN Sastry

Max Marks: 100

Date : March 06, 2015

- 1. (a) Define a t transitive group. Give an example of a 2 transitive group which is not 3 transitive. Justify. [4+6]
  - (b) Let X be a transitive G set. Show that the induced natural action of G on  $X \times X$  is not transitive, but there is a bijection between the G orbits in  $X \times X$  and  $G_x$  orbits in X. Here,  $x \in X$  and  $G_x = \{g \in G : g(x) = x\}$ . [3+12]
  - (c) Define the equivalence of two G sets. Show that the set of all transitive G sets is equivalent to the set of all G sets of left cosets of subgroups of G. [5+10]

2. (a) Define a projective plane.

[4]

- (b) Show that there is a bijection between the sets of points incident with any two lines of a projective plane. [4]
- (c) i. Find the number of lines of a finite projective plane.
  - ii. Show that, if A is a set of points of a projective plane of order n with the property that each line meets A in at most 2 points, then  $|A| \leq n+2$ . [4+6]
- 3. (a) Give an example of a projective plane of order q, q a prime power. Verify.
  - (b) Prove that a projective plane of order 3 is unique. [7+15]
- 4. Determine the conjugacy classes, and the size of each class, of  $S_6$ . [20].

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